

# PRODUCT DATA SHEET

# Sikadur®-42 MP Slow

3-part, multi purpose epoxy grouting system

# **DESCRIPTION**

Sikadur®-42 MP Slow is a three-component, multipurpose, moisture tolerant, epoxy grouting system. Suitable for use in hot and tropical climatic conditions.

# **USES**

Sikadur®-42 MP Slow may only be used by experienced professionals.

High-strength grouting and fixing of:

- Starter bars
- Anchors
- Fasteners
- Tie rods
- Crash barrier posts
- Fence and railing posts

Under-grouting and bedding of:

- Base plates
- Machine bases, seat base-plates for light and heavy machinery including heavy impact and vibratory machinery, reciprocating engines, compressors, pumps, presses, etc.
- Bridge bearings
- Mechanical joints (i.e. road/bridge/deck types etc.)
   Sleeper-less, direct rail fixing:
- Crane tracks
- Light rail and permanent way in tunnels
- Light rail and permanent way over bridges

# **CHARACTERISTICS / ADVANTAGES**

- High early strength
- Ready-to-mix, pre-batched units
- Moisture tolerant
- Non-shrink
- Corrosion and chemically resistant
- Stress and impact resistant
- High compressive strength
- High vibration resistance
- Low coefficient of thermal expansion

# **APPROVALS / CERTIFICATES**

• Testing according to EN 1504-6.

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# **PRODUCT INFORMATION**

Composition	Epoxy resin						
Packaging	Standard unit: 28 kg, 24 kg and 70 kg						
	Component:			nponent: C	Component: A+B+C		
	3.34 kg	0.66 kg		24 k	g	28 kg	
	3.34 kg	0.66 kg		20 kg		24 kg	
	8.35 kg	1.65 kg	1.65 kg		30 kg	70 kg	
	Bulk packagir	Bulk packaging: 140 kg and 120 kg unit					
	Component: A Component: B		_	Component: C		Component: A+B+C	
	16.7 kg	3.3 kg		5 x 2	24 kg = 120 kg	140 kg	
	16.7 kg	3.3 kg	3.3 kg		20 kg = 100 kg	120 kg	
Shelf life	Component A 24 months from the				ne date of produc-		
	Component B			24 months from the date of production			
	Component C 12 months from the tion				ne date of produc-		
Storage conditions	Stored properly in original, unopened, sealed and undamaged packaging in dry conditions at temperatures between +5 °C and +30 °C. Protect from direct sunlight, heat and moisture.						
Density	~2 130 kg/m³ (A+B+C)						
TECHNICAL INFORMATION							
Effective bearing area	> 90 %					(ASTM C1339)	
Compressive strength	Curing time Curing temperature					(ASTM C579)	
		+23 °C	+30 °C		+40 °C	•	
	1 day	~74 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	~80 N/m		~89 N/mm <sup>2</sup>		
	3 days	~80 N/mm²	~87 N/m		~94 N/mm²	<u>.</u>	
	7 days	~95 N/mm²	~96 N/m		~99 N/mm²		
	28 days	~100N/mm²	~103N/r	nm²	~105N/mm <sup>2</sup>		
	Product cured and tested at temperatures indicated.  Test specimen size: 50 * 50 * 50 mm						
Modulus of elasticity in compression	~20 000 N/mm²				(ASTM D695-96)		
Tensile strength in flexure	~37 N/mm²					(ASTM C580)	
	~42 N/mm²					(EN 53452)	
	~32 N/mm²					(ISO 196)	
Modulus of elasticity in flexure	~15 000 N/mm²					(EN 53452)	
Tensile strength	~15 N/mm²					(ASTM D638)	
	~18 N/mm²					(ISO 527)	
	~15 N/mm²					(ASTM C 307)	
Modulus of elasticity in tension	~12 500 N/mm²				(ASTM C580)		
Tensile strain at break	~1.6 %			(ASTM D638)			
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	0.1 ± 0.05 % (7 d at +23 °C)	(ISO 75)					
Tensile adhesion strength	> 36 N/mm² (concrete failure) (slant shear)	(ASTM C882)					
	~11 N/mm² (on steel)	(ISO 4624, EN 1542,					
	> 3.5 N/mm² (concrete failure)	EN 12188)					
Creep	0.9 % at 4.14 N/mm² (600 psi) / 31 500 N (+60 °C) 0.11 % at 2.76 N/mm² (400 psi) / 21 000 N (+60 °C)	(ASTM C1181)					
	API requirements: $\leq 0.5 \%$ with 2.76 N/mm <sup>2</sup> load						
Shrinkage	-0.032 %	(ASTM C531)					
	-0.02 %	(EN 52450)					
Coefficient of thermal expansion	2.1 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> [1/°C] or [1/K], (-30 °C to +30 °C) 3.8 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> [1/°C] or [1/K], (+24 °C to +100 °C)	(ASTM C531)					
	2.6 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> [1/°C] or [1/K], (-20 °C to +60 °C)	(EN 1770)					
Service temperature	-40 °C to +60 °C						
Thermal compatibility	No delamination / pass	(ASTM C884)					
Water absorption	0.055% (7 d) (coefficient W)	(ASTM C413)					
APPLICATION INFORMATI	ON						
	28 kg unit, 70 kg unit and 140 kg unit Component A: B: C = 5: 1: 36 by weight Liquid (A+B) / solid (C) = 1: 6 by weight 24 kg unit and 120 kg unit Component A: B: C = 5: 1: 30 by weight Liquid (A+B) / solid (C) = 1: 5 by weight						
Layer thickness	Minimum grout depth: 10 mm Maximum grout depth: 150 mm						
	Temperature Layer thickne 20 °C - 30 °C 150 mm	ss max.					
	30 °C – 40 °C 100 mm*						
	* no reduction of fillers; apply only with Mixing Ratio A : B : C = $5:1:(30-6)$	- 36)					
Peak exotherm	41 °C (at +23 °C)	(ASTM D 2471)					
Material temperature	Sikadur®-42 MP Slow must be applied at temperatures between +20 °C and +35 °C Condition the material by also storing at this temperature for 48 hours before use.						
Ambient air temperature	+20 °C min. / +40 °C max.	+20 °C min. / +40 °C max.					
Dew point	Substrate temperature during application must be at least 3 °C above dew point to avoid condensation.						
Substrate temperature	+20 °C min. / +40 °C max.						
Substrate moisture content	≤ 4 % pbw						
Pot Life	(200 g, adiabatic testing)						
	5:1:30 100 – 110 min	<b>+40 °C</b> 45 – 50 min					
	The potlife begins when the resin and hardener are mixed. It is shorter at high temperatures and longer at low temperatures. The greater the quant-						

The potlife begins when the resin and hardener are mixed. It is shorter at high temperatures and longer at low temperatures. The greater the quantity mixed, the shorter the potlife. To obtain longer workability at high temperatures, the mixed adhesive may be divided into portions. Another

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## **BASIS OF PRODUCT DATA**

All technical data stated in this Data Sheet are based on laboratory tests. Actual measured data may vary due to circumstances beyond our control.

## IMPORTANT CONSIDERATIONS

- Minimum substrate temperature: +20 °C. The material must be conditioned by being stored in an area with an ambient temperature between +20 °C and +30 °C for a minimum of 48 hours before using. Do not thin with solvents. Solvents will prevent proper curing and change mechanical properties.
- Sikadur®-42 MP Slow is a vapour barrier when cured. Minimum grout depth: 10 mm. Maximum grout depth: 150 mm per lift. The last lift must be kept at 50 mm. Component C must be kept dry. For specific bolt grouting applications please refer to Sika Technical Department. For proper seating, allow the grout to rise above the bottom (3 mm) of the base plate.
- Avoid splitting prebatched units to mix. Mix complete units only. Cold ambient, substrate or material temperatures will influence the curing and flow characteristics of Sikadur®-42 MP Slow. Do not subject cured epoxy grout to sudden temperature changes especially during early curing stages. Contact Sika Technical Department for control joint spacing on large base plate grouting projects.
- Possibility to adjust mixing ratio, depending on required flowability: Component A: B: C = 5:1: (27-36) by weight, Solid / Liquid = (4.5-6) : 1 by weight.
- Sikadur® resins are formulated to have low creep under permanent loading. However due to the creep behaviour of all polymer materials under load, the long term structural design load must account for creep. Generally the long term structural design load must be lower than 20 - 25 % of the failure load. Please consult a structural engineer for load calculations for your specific application.
- Please refer also to the "Method Statement Sikadur®-42 MP Slow"

# **ECOLOGY, HEALTH AND SAFETY**

User must read the most recent corresponding Safety Data Sheets (SDS) before using any products. The SDS provides information and advice on the safe handling, storage and disposal of chemical products and contains physical, ecological, toxicological and other safety-related data.

## APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

#### SUBSTRATE QUALITY

Mortar and concrete must be older than 28 days (dependent on minimum strength requirements). Verify the substrate strength (concrete, natural stone etc.).

The substrate surface (all types) must be clean, dry and free from contaminants such as dirt, oil, grease, existing surface treatments and coatings etc. Steel substrates must be de-rusted to a standard equivalent to Sa 2.5.

The substrate must be sound and all loose particles



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must be removed.

Substrate must be dry or mat damp and free from any standing water, ice etc.

#### SUBSTRATE PREPARATION

#### Concrete, mortar, stone

Substrates must be sound, dry, clean and free from laitance, ice, standing water, grease, oils, old surface treatments or coatings and all loose or friable particles must be removed to achieve a laitance and contaminant free, open textured surface.

#### Steel

Must be cleaned and prepared thoroughly to an acceptable quality standard equivalent to SA 2.5 i.e. by blastcleaning and vacuum. Avoid dew point conditions.

Surface and base plate contact area must be clean and sound. For best results, the substrate shall be dry. Remove dust, laitance, oils, grease, curing compounds, impregnations, waxes, foreign particles, coatings, and disintegrated materials by mechanical means, i.e. chipping with a chisel, blastcleaning etc.

All anchor pockets or sleeves must be free of water. Apply grout immediately to prevent re-oxidizing / rust formation.

For optimum results:

When grouting areas or equipment that is sensitive to vibration, it is recommended that the contact surfaces are prepared according to the latest edition of the American Petroleum Institute's Recommended Practice 686 "Machinery Installation and Installation Design", Chapter 5.

#### **MIXING**

#### **Pre-batched units**

Mix components A and B in the component A pail for approximately 30 – 60 seconds with a paddle attached to a low speed drill (300 – 450 rpm). Avoid aeration while mixing until the material becomes uniformly blended in colour and viscosity. Place the mixed epoxy into an appropriate mixing vessel. Slowly add the contents of component C (to keep air entrapment at a minimum) dependent on flow requirements (observe the correct mixing ratio) and mix until uniform and homogeneous. (approximately 3 minutes) Mix only that quantity which can be used within its potlife.

#### Bulk packing (not pre-batched)

First, stir each component thoroughly. Add the components in the correct proportions into a suitable mixing pail. Mix the components. Use an electric low

speed mixer etc as above for the pre-batched units.

Never mix component A and B without adding component C (as the exothermic reaction between A and B alone generates excess heat)

Leave Sikadur®-42 MP Slow to stand in the normal mixing vessel until the majority of entrained air bubbles have dispersed.

#### **APPLICATION METHOD / TOOLS**

#### **Forming**

The consistency of the Sikadur®-42 MP Slow epoxy grout system requires the use of permanent or temporary forms to contain the material around base plates, for example. In order to prevent leakage or seepage, all of these formers must be sealed. Apply polyethylene film or wax to all forms to prevent adhesion of the grout. Prepare the formwork to maintain more than 100 mm liquid head to facilitate placement. A grout box equipped with an inclined trough attached to the form will enhance the grout flow and minimize air encapsulation.

#### **Application**

Pour the mixed grout into the prepared forms from one or two sides only, to eliminate air entrapment. Maintain the liquid head to ensure intimate contact to the base plate. Place sufficient epoxy grout in the forms to rise slightly above the underside (3 mm) of the base plate. The minimum void depth beneath the baseplate shall be 12 mm. Where the void beneath the base plate is greater than 150 mm, place the epoxy grout in successive 150 mm lifts or less, once the preceding lift has cooled.

Once hardened check the adhesion by tapping with a hammer.

Please refer also to the "Method Statement Sikadur®-42 MP Slow"



#### **CLEANING OF EQUIPMENT**

Sweep excess grout into appropriate containers for disposal before it has hardened.

Dispose of in accordance with applicable local regulations. Uncured material can be removed with Sika Colma Cleaner. Cured material can only be removed mechanically.

# **LOCAL RESTRICTIONS**

Note that as a result of specific local regulations the declared data and recommended uses for this product may vary from country to country. Consult the local Product Data Sheet for exact product data and uses.

## **LEGAL NOTES**

The information, and, in particular, the recommendations relating to the application and end-use of Sika products, are given in good faith based on Sika's current knowledge and experience of the products when properly stored, handled and applied under normal conditions in accordance with Sika's recommendations. In practice, the differences in materials, substrates and actual site conditions are such that no warranty in respect of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose, nor any liability arising out of any legal relationship whatsoever, can be inferred either from this information, or from any written recommendations, or from any other advice offered. The user of the product must test the product's suitability for the intended application and purpose. Sika reserves the right to change the properties of its products. The proprietary rights of third parties must be observed. All orders are accepted subject to our current terms of sale and delivery. Users must always refer to the most recent issue of the local Product Data Sheet for the product concerned, copies of which will be supplied on request.

#### Sika Chemicals Ghana Ltd

Kpone Rd, Kpone Katamanso GK-0028-7646 Greater Accra, Ghana Mobile: +233 025 795 9292 Web: gha.sika.com

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